## HORIZON SYSTEM ANSWER SHEET

| Latitude: |  |
|-----------|--|
|           |  |

| Declination | Position | Hour Angle<br>(decimal hours) | Altitude<br>(deg. & arcmin.) | Azimuth (deg. & arcmin.) |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| O°          | Rises    |                               |                              |                          |
| 0°          | UT       |                               |                              |                          |
| 0°          | Sets     |                               |                              |                          |
| 00          | LT       |                               |                              |                          |
| 25⁰         | Rises    |                               |                              |                          |
| 25°         | UT       |                               |                              |                          |
| 25°         | Sets     |                               |                              |                          |
| 25°         | LT       |                               |                              |                          |
| 65°         | Rises    |                               |                              |                          |
| 65°         | UT       |                               |                              |                          |
| 65°         | Sets     |                               |                              |                          |
| 65°         | LT       |                               |                              |                          |

What is the declination of an object that makes UT at the zenith?
What is the declination of an object that makes LT at the north point of the horizon?
What is the declination of the southern most star that can be observed from this latitude?

To answer the following questions, vary the declination until the condition is satisfied as

| 4. | At what de | clination of | do objects | begin to | have | diurnal | circles | that ar | re entirely | above | the d | celestial |
|----|------------|--------------|------------|----------|------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------|
|    | horizon?   |              |            | •        |      |         |         |         | -           |       |       |           |